TRIFOLIUM SYLVATICUM EIG. (PAPILIONACEAE),
A NEW RECORD FOR THE FLORA OF IRAN

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Trifolium sylvaticum Eig. is reported for the first time for the flora of Iran. It has been collected from Marivan area in Kurdistan province. This species is distinguished from T. stellatum L. by the following characters: Stipules entire, head sessile, corolla short, 8 to 10 mm. long, etc.

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Introduction
During the study of herbarium specimens of TARI which performed in order to preparing of the Flora of Iran (genus *Trifolium*), a specimen was determined as *Trifolium sylvaticum* Eig. which had not been reported from Iran before and is a new record for the flora of Iran.

*Trifolium sylvaticum* Eig.  
Kurdistan: 20 km. N of Marivan, 1520m, Fattahi & Khaledian 564.  
Annual, patulous-hairy, 10-20 cm. long. Stems decumbent or ascending. Stipules ovate-lanceolate, entire. Leaflets 7-10 × 6-8 mm, obovate, cuneate. Heads terminal, 1-1.5 × 1 cm, often involucrate by upper leaves. Flowers 8-10 mm long. Calyx tube cylindrical with 10 prominent nerves, becoming urceolate in fruit; throat closed; teeth subulate, truncate, ciliate, unequal. Corolla pink to purple, as long as or longer than calyx. Pod ovoid, membranous. Seed 1, globular, yellowish-brown.  
General distribution of the species is: Europe, Mediterranean region, Turkey, Syria, Iraq, Iran and Africa (Heller 1982, Townsend 1974, Zohari & Heller 1984, Zohari 1969). It is related to *T. stellatum* L. but differs from it in the following characters: stipules entire (not denticulate), head sessile (without long peduncle), corolla 8-10 mm long (not 15-20 mm).

Acknowledgment
I wish to thank E. Moradi, the artist in TARI herbarium for drawing the illustration.

References
Fig. 1. *Trifolium sylvaticum* (×1); calyx (×2.5).